

Hull Community Church CCTV policy

Version 1.4 – September 2019

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1. POLICY STATEMENT

- 1.1 We believe that CCTV and other surveillance systems have a legitimate role to play in helping to maintain a safe and secure environment for all our staff and visitors. However, we recognise that this may raise concerns about the effect on individuals and their privacy. This policy is intended to address such concerns. Images recorded by surveillance systems are personal data which must be processed in accordance with data protection laws. We are committed to complying with our legal obligations and ensuring that the legal rights of staff, relating to their personal data, are recognised and respected.
- 1.2 This policy is intended to assist staff in complying with their own legal obligations when working with personal data. In certain circumstances, misuse of information generated by CCTV constitute a criminal offence.

2. DEFINITIONS

- 2.1 For the purposes of this policy, the following terms have the following meanings:

CCTV: means fixed and domed cameras designed to capture and record images of individuals and property.

Data: is information, which is stored electronically, or in certain paper-based filing systems. In respect of CCTV, this generally means video images. It may also include static pictures such as printed screen shots.

Data subjects: means all living individuals about whom we hold personal information because of the operation of our CCTV (or other surveillance systems).

Personal data: means data relating to a living individual who can be identified from that data (or other data in our possession). This will include video images of identifiable individuals.

Data controllers: are the people who, or organisations which, determine the way any personal data is processed. They are responsible for establishing practices and policies to ensure compliance with the law.

Data users: are those of our employees whose work involves processing personal data. This will include those whose duties are to operate CCTV cameras and other surveillance systems to record, monitor, store, retrieve and delete images. Data users must protect the data they handle in accordance with this policy and our Data Protection Policy.

Processing: is any activity which involves the use of data. It includes obtaining, recording or holding data, or carrying out any operation on the data including organising, amending, retrieving, using, disclosing or destroying it. Processing also includes transferring personal data to third parties.

Surveillance systems: means any devices or systems designed to monitor or record images of individuals or information relating to individuals. The term includes CCTV systems as well as any technology that may be introduced in the future such as automatic number plate recognition (ANPR), body worn cameras, unmanned aerial systems and any other systems that capture information of identifiable individuals.

3. ABOUT THIS POLICY

- 3.1 We currently use CCTV cameras to view and record individuals on and around our premises. This policy outlines why we use CCTV, how we will use CCTV and how we will process data recorded by CCTV cameras to ensure we are compliant with data protection law and best practice. This policy also explains how to make a subject access request in respect of personal data created by CCTV.
- 3.2 We recognise that information that we hold about individuals is subject to data protection legislation. The images of individuals recorded by CCTV cameras in the workplace are personal data and therefore subject to the legislation. We are committed to complying with all our legal obligations and seek to comply with best practice suggestions from the Information Commissioner's Office (**ICO**).
- 3.3 This policy covers all employees, volunteers and may also be relevant to visiting members of the public.
- 3.4 The policy will be regularly reviewed to ensure that it meets legal requirements, relevant guidance published by the ICO and industry standards.

4. PERSONNEL RESPONSIBLE

- 4.1 The board of trustees has overall responsibility for ensuring compliance with relevant legislation and the effective operation of this policy. Day-to-day management responsibility for deciding what information is recorded, how it will be used and to whom it may be disclosed has been delegated to Administration staff. Day-to-day operational responsibility for CCTV cameras and the storage of data recorded is the responsibility of IT.
- 4.2 Responsibility for keeping this policy up to date has been delegated to Administration staff.

5. REASONS FOR THE USE OF CCTV

- 5.1 We currently use CCTV around our site as outlined below. We believe that such use is necessary for legitimate business purposes, including:
 - (a) to prevent crime and protect buildings and assets from damage, disruption, vandalism and other crime;
 - (b) for the personal safety of staff, visitors and other members of the public and to act as a deterrent against crime;
 - (c) to support law enforcement bodies in the prevention, detection and prosecution of crime;
 - (d) to assist in day-to-day management, including ensuring the health and safety of staff and others;

- (e) to assist in the effective resolution of disputes which arise in the course of disciplinary or grievance proceedings;

This list is not exhaustive and other purposes may be or become relevant.

6. MONITORING

- 6.1 CCTV monitors the exterior of the building and both the main entrance and secondary exit, 24 hours a day and this data is continuously recorded.
- 6.2 Camera locations are chosen to minimise viewing of spaces not relevant to the legitimate purpose of the monitoring. As far as practically possible, CCTV cameras will not focus on private homes, gardens or other areas of private property.
- 6.3 Surveillance systems will not be used to record sound.
- 6.4 Staff using surveillance systems will be given appropriate training to ensure they understand and observe the legal requirements related to the processing of relevant data.

7. HOW WE WILL OPERATE ANY CCTV

- 7.1 Where CCTV cameras are placed in the workplace, we will ensure that signs are displayed at the entrance of the surveillance zone to alert individuals that their image may be recorded. Such signs will contain details of the organisation operating the system and who to contact for further information, where these things are not obvious to those being monitored.
- 7.2 Live feeds from CCTV cameras will only be monitored where this is reasonably necessary, for example to protect health and safety.
- 7.3 We will ensure that live feeds from cameras and recorded images are only viewed by approved members of staff whose role requires them to have access to such data. This may include Admin staff involved with disciplinary or grievance matters. Recorded images will only be viewed in designated, secure offices.

8. USE OF DATA GATHERED BY CCTV

- 8.1 To ensure that the rights of individuals recorded by the CCTV system are protected, we will ensure that data gathered from CCTV cameras is stored in a way that maintains its integrity and security. This includes encrypting the data, where it is possible to do so.

9. RETENTION AND ERASURE OF DATA GATHERED BY CCTV

- 9.1 Data from CCTV cameras will not be retained indefinitely but will be permanently deleted once there is no reason to retain the recorded information. Exactly how long images will be retained for will vary according to the purpose for which they are being recorded. For example, where images are being recorded for crime prevention purposes, data will be kept long enough only for incidents to come to light. In all other cases, recorded images will be kept for no longer than 28 days.
- 9.2 At the end of their useful life, all images stored in whatever format will be erased permanently and securely. Any physical matter such as discs or USBs will be disposed of as confidential waste. Any still photographs and hard copy prints will also be disposed of as confidential waste.

10. USE OF ADDITIONAL SURVEILLANCE SYSTEMS

- 10.1 Prior to introducing any new surveillance system, including placing a new CCTV camera in any workplace location, we will carefully consider if they are appropriate by carrying out a privacy impact assessment (**PIA**).
- 10.2 A PIA is intended to assist us in deciding whether new surveillance cameras are necessary and proportionate in the circumstances and whether they should be used at all or whether any limitations should be placed on their use.
- 10.3 Any PIA will consider the nature of the problem that we are seeking to address at that time and whether the surveillance camera is likely to be an effective solution, or whether a better solution exists. We will consider the effect a surveillance camera will have on individuals and therefore whether its use is a proportionate response to the problem identified.
- 10.4 No surveillance cameras will be placed in areas where there is an expectation of privacy (for example, in changing rooms).

11. COVERT MONITORING

- 11.1 We will never engage in covert monitoring or surveillance (that is, where individuals are unaware that the monitoring or surveillance is taking place) unless, in highly exceptional circumstances, there are reasonable grounds to suspect that criminal activity or extremely serious malpractice is taking place and, after suitable consideration, we reasonably believe there is no less intrusive way to tackle the issue.

12. ONGOING REVIEW OF CCTV USE

- 12.1 We will ensure that the ongoing use of existing CCTV cameras in the workplace is reviewed at least every 6 months to ensure that their use remains necessary and appropriate, and that any surveillance system is continuing to address the needs that justified its introduction.

13. REQUESTS FOR DISCLOSURE

- 13.1 No images from our CCTV cameras will be disclosed to any third party, without express permission being given by the board of trustees. Data will not normally be released unless satisfactory evidence that it is required for legal proceedings or under a court order has been produced.
- 13.2 In other appropriate circumstances, we may allow law enforcement agencies to view or remove CCTV footage where this is required in the detection or prosecution of crime.
- 13.3 We will maintain a record of all disclosures of CCTV footage.
- 13.4 No images from CCTV will ever be posted online or disclosed to the media.

14. SUBJECT ACCESS REQUESTS

- 14.1 Data subjects may make a request for disclosure of their personal information and this may include CCTV images (**data subject access request**). A data subject access request is subject to the statutory conditions from time to time in place and should be made in writing, in accordance with our subject access policy located at <https://hullcommunitychurch.com/privacy>.
- 14.2 For us to locate relevant footage, any requests for copies of recorded CCTV images must include the date and time of the recording, the location where the footage was captured and, if necessary, information identifying the individual.
- 14.3 We reserve the right to obscure images of third parties when disclosing CCTV data as part of a subject access request, where we consider it necessary to do so.

15. COMPLAINTS

- 15.1 If any member of staff or visitor has questions about this policy, or any concerns about our use of CCTV, then they should email privacy@hullcommunitychurch.com or write to Data Protection, Hull Community Church, 310 Newland Avenue, Hull, HU5 2NB.
- 15.2 You can also refer your complaint to the Information Commissioner's Office. For more details you can visit their website at <https://ico.org.uk/make-a-complaint>.

16. REQUESTS TO PREVENT PROCESSING

- 16.1 We recognise that, in rare circumstances, individuals may have a legal right to object to processing and in certain circumstances to prevent automated decision making (see Articles 21 and 22 of the General Data Protection Regulation). For further information regarding this, please contact privacy@hullcommunitychurch.com.